Great Britain: Slavery Abolished: "Am I not a Woman and a Sister?"

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Form: Circular

By: T. Halliday, Birmingham

Date: 1834

Ref: BHM: 1669; Laidlaw: 1150; Variations: Size Metal Mass Value 42 mm Bronze \$300

Edge: Plain.

Obverse: Justice, holding palm frond and scales, reaching out to kneeling African woman with wrists chained. Legend: "AM I NO WOMAN AND A SISTER?" Signed, round lower right rim: "HALLIDAY F." In the exergue: "LET US BREAK THEIR BAI ASUNDER AND CAST AWAY / THEIR CORDS / PSALM.II.3".

Reverse: Within a closed floral wreath: "TO THE / FRIENDS / OF / JUSTICE / MERCY / AND / FREEDOM". On a ribbon entwine wreath: "PENN / GRANVILLE SHARP / WILBERFORCE / BENEZET / CLARKSON / TOUSSAINT LOUVERTURE / ST D. BARCLAY".

Notes: The terms of Slavery Abolition Act of 1833 became law on 1st August 1834 throughout most of the British Empire. In So Africa this was delayed until 1st December 1834. Under the Act slave ownership was abolish and replace by a transition period of paid apprenticeships whereby freed slaves were to continue working for their past masters who were compentate Government for the imposed financial losses. A sum of 20,000 pounds sterling was allocated for this purpose.

The social and financial adjustments in a country like South Africa where slavery was commonplace were substantial. The exacerbated the existing resentment against British rule by the people of Dutch descent and was a major factor contributed decision by thousands of these people to leave the Cape Colony for the north in an exodus later known as the Great The 'voortrekkers' settled in territories which became the Boer Republics of the Orange Free State and the Transvaal.